



2016-2017 Seasonal Flu Shot (IIV) Vaccine Consent Form

Full, Legal Name of Student <i>(First Name Middle Initial. Last Name)</i> PLEASE PRINT		Name of School		
Parent/Guardian Name <i>(First Name Middle Initial. Last Name)</i>		Relationship to Student		Homeroom Teacher / Grade
Address		Email Address		Birth Date <i>(month / date / year)</i> Age Sex
City		Zip Code		Home Phone # Cell Phone #

Demographic Information: (Circle one) White American Indian/ Native Alaskan Black Asian Hispanic Other

Insurance Medicaid Circle 1 & or Write: (AmeriGroup, Wellcare, Integral, Prestige, Humana, Sunshine, BetterHealth) Please fill out the following questions

Insurance Company: _____ Member ID: _____

Policy Holder's Name: _____ Policy Holder's Date of Birth: _____

The current health care laws require us to bill your insurance company for the vaccine. You will not be billed, and there will be no co-pay or deductible due. The service is offered at no cost to you! As always, answers are confidential!

MY CHILD DOES NOT HAVE HEALTH INS

QUESTIONS: CHECK YES OR NO FOR EACH QUESTION

Yes No

1.) Is your child 4 years or older?

Yes No

2.) Do any of the following apply to your child? *(if you answer YES, your child cannot receive a Flu Vaccine at school-, please contact your child's doctor)*

- Allergy to chicken eggs or egg products
- Life threatening reaction(s) to flu vaccine in the past
- Has had Guillain-Barre syndrome (very rare)

Yes No

3.) Do any of the below apply to your child?

- Has long-term health problems with weakened immune system, heart disease, lung disease (e.g. cystic fibrosis), liver disease, kidney disease, or metabolic disorders (e.g. diabetes) or blood disorders (e.g. sickle disease or thalassemia)

**IF YOU HAVE ANY HEALTH QUESTIONS, PLEASE CONTACT YOUR CHILD'S PEDIATRICIAN
OR CALL HEALTHY SCHOOLS AT 1800-566-0596 TO SPEAK TO A NURSE.**

I have received, read, and understand the CDC Vaccine Information Statement for the Inactivated Influenza Vaccine (IIV). I have read these documents and understand the risk and benefits of the IIV vaccine. I give permission to Healthy Schools and their administrators to give my child the vaccine in my absence, to communicate with other healthcare providers, as needed, and for data entry, billing and storage according to Florida Department of Health policies, to assure optimal healthcare for my child. . . I hereby release Healthy Schools from any and all liability associated with the administration and potential side effects of the vaccine.

YES, I Want To Help Protect My Family And Community From Flu By Allowing My Child To Receive a Flu SHOT!

Printed Name of Parent/Guardian _____

Signature of Parent/Guardian _____

Date _____

AREA FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY FOR ADMINISTRATION

VIS CDC IIV _____
LOT Number: _____

IIVt0.5L IM Injection
EXP Date: _____

VIS CDC IIV _____
LOT Number: _____

IIV 0.5 mL IM Injection
EXP Date: _____

RN # _____ Date: _____

RN # _____ Date: _____

VACCINE INFORMATION STATEMENT

Influenza (Flu) Vaccine (Inactivated or Recombinant): What you need to know

Many Vaccine Information Statements are available in Spanish and other languages. See www.immunize.org/vis.
Ligas de información sobre vacunas están disponibles. Visite www.immunize.org/vis.

1 Why get vaccinated?

Influenza ("flu") is a contagious disease that spreads around the United States every year, usually between October and May.

Flu is caused by influenza viruses, and is spread mainly by coughing, sneezing, and close contact.

- Anyone can get flu. Flu strikes suddenly and can last several days. Symptoms vary by age, but can include:
- fever/chills
 - sore throat
 - muscle aches
 - fatigue
 - cough
 - headache
 - runny or stuffy nose

Flu can also lead to pneumonia and blood infections, and cause diarrhea and seizures in children. If you have a medical condition, such as heart or lung disease, flu can make it worse.

Flu is more dangerous for some people. Infants and young children, people 65 years of age and older, pregnant women, and people with certain health conditions or a weakened immune system are at greatest risk.

Each year **thousands of people in the United States die from flu**, and many more are hospitalized.

Flu vaccine can:

- keep you from getting flu,
- make flu less severe if you do get it, and
- keep you from spreading flu to your family and other people.

2 Inactivated and recombinant flu vaccines

A dose of flu vaccine is recommended every flu season. Children 6 months through 8 years of age may need two doses during the same flu season. Everyone else needs only one dose each flu season.

Some inactivated flu vaccines contain a very small amount of a mercury-based preservative called thimerosal. Studies have not shown thimerosal in vaccines to be harmful, but flu vaccines that do not contain thimerosal are available.

There is no live flu virus in flu shots. **They cannot cause the flu.**

There are many flu viruses, and they are always

changing. Each year a new flu vaccine is made to protect against three or four viruses that are likely to cause disease in the upcoming flu season. But even when the vaccine doesn't exactly match these viruses, it may still provide some protection.

- Flu vaccine cannot prevent:
- flu that is caused by a virus not covered by the vaccine, or
 - illnesses that look like flu but are not.
- It takes about 2 weeks for protection to develop after vaccination, and protection lasts through the flu season.

3 Some people should not get this vaccine

Tell the person you is giving you the vaccine:

- **If you have any severe, life-threatening allergies.**

If you ever had a life-threatening allergic reaction after a dose of flu vaccine, or have a severe allergy to any part of this vaccine, you may be advised not to get vaccinated. Most, but not all, types of flu vaccine contain a small amount of egg protein.

- **If you ever had Guillain-Barré Syndrome (also called GBS).**

Some people with a history of GBS should not get this vaccine. This should be discussed with your doctor.

- **If you are not feeling well.**

It is usually okay to get flu vaccine when you have a mild illness, but you might be asked to come back when you feel better.

4 Risks of a vaccine reaction

With any medicine, including vaccines, there is a chance of reactions. These are usually mild and go away on their own, but serious reactions are also possible.

Most people who get a flu shot do not have any problems with it.

Minor problems following a flu shot include:

- soreness, redness, or swelling where the shot was given
- hoarseness
- sore, red or itchy eyes
- cough
- fever
- aches
- headache
- itching
- fatigue

If these problems occur, they usually begin soon after the shot and last 1 or 2 days.

More serious problems following a flu shot can include the following:

- There may be a small increased risk of Guillain-Barré Syndrome (GBS) after inactivated flu vaccine. This risk has been estimated at 1 or 2 additional cases per million people vaccinated. This is much lower than the risk of severe complications from flu, which can be prevented by flu vaccine.
- Young children who get the flu shot along with pneumococcal vaccine (PCV13) and/or DTap vaccine at the same time might be slightly more likely to have a seizure caused by fever. Ask your doctor for more information. Tell your doctor if a child who is getting flu vaccine has ever had a seizure.

Problems that could happen after any injected vaccine:

- People sometimes faint after a medical procedure, including vaccination. Sitting or lying down for about 15 minutes can help prevent fainting, and injuries caused by a fall. Tell your doctor if you feel dizzy, or have vision changes or ringing in the ears.
- Some people get severe pain in the shoulder and have difficulty moving the arm where a shot was given. This happens very rarely.
- Any medication can cause a severe allergic reaction. Such reactions from a vaccine are very rare, estimated at about 1 in a million doses, and would happen within a few minutes to a few hours after the vaccination.
- As with any medicine, there is a very remote chance of a vaccine causing a serious injury or death.

The safety of vaccines is always being monitored. For more information, visit: www.cdc.gov/vaccinesafety/

5 What if there is a serious reaction?

What should I look for?

- Look for anything that concerns you, such as signs of a severe allergic reaction, very high fever, or unusual behavior.

Signs of a severe allergic reaction can include hives, swelling of the face and throat, difficulty breathing, a fast heartbeat, dizziness, and weakness. These would start a few minutes to a few hours after the vaccination.

What should I do?

- If you think it is a severe allergic reaction or other emergency that can't wait, call 9-1-1 and get the person to the nearest hospital. Otherwise, call your doctor.
- Reactions should be reported to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS). Your doctor should file this report, or you can do it yourself through the VAERS web site at www.vaers.hhs.gov, or by calling 1-800-822-7967.

VAERS does not give medical advice.

6 The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program

The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program (VICP) is a federal program that was created to compensate people who may have been injured by certain vaccines.

Persons who believe they may have been injured by a vaccine can learn about the program and about filing a claim by calling 1-800-338-2382 or visiting the VICP website at www.hrsa.gov/vaccinecompensation. There is a time limit to file a claim for compensation.

7 How can I learn more?

- Ask your healthcare provider. He or she can give you the vaccine package insert or suggest other sources of information.
- Call your local or state health department.
- Contact the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):
 - Call 1-800-232-4636 (1-800-CDC-INFO) or
 - Visit CDC's website at www.cdc.gov/flu

Vaccine Information Statement Inactivated Influenza Vaccine

08/07/2015

42 U.S.C. § 300aa-26



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